

OCE/MPO 603: Introduction to Physical Oceanography

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Course Overview

Application of the laws of physics to the study of the properties and circulation of the world's oceans: Geographical description of the oceans; physical properties of sea water; derivation of the equations of motion for steady ocean circulation on a rotating planet; Ekman layer, Stommel and Munk boundary layers, and the Sverdrup Balance; abyssal circulation; thermohaline circulation; instrumentation and observation.

Prerequisites: Mathematics and physics required for admission to the graduate curriculum at RSMAS, or consent of the instructor. You should know Newton's 3 Laws, linear and angular momentum conservation, derivatives and partial derivatives, integrals, scalars and vectors, gradient, divergence, and curl.

The course website is on my webpage <http://www.rsmas.miami.edu/people/faculty-index/?p=lisa-beal>. You will find the syllabus as well as links to lectures and notes.

Course requirements: Two graded exams, midterm (25%) and final (50%); One written report/project (25%). Study questions are provided weekly and solutions led and discussed by YOU during class.

Recommended Books

Robert Stewart (RS): *Introduction to Physical Oceanography* - on eReserve at RSMAS library.

John Knauss (JK): *Introduction to Physical Oceanography* - on eReserve at RSMAS library.

Other Books and Further Reading

Pond and Pickard (PP): *Introductory Dynamical Oceanography* - on reserve at RSMAS library

Open University (OU): *Ocean Circulation* - on reserve

Talley et al: *Descriptive Physical Oceanography: An Introduction*

Adrian Gill: *Atmosphere-Ocean Dynamics*

Course Outline

- (1) Introduction - course overview (JK1,RS1-2)
- (2) Geography of the world's oceans and major current systems (RS3)
- (3) Physical properties of seawater I - T, S, density, and potential temperature (RS6,JK2,PP2)
- (4) Physical properties of sea water II - static stability and sound waves (JK2,PP5)
- (5) Property distributions - water masses and tracers (JK8,RS6)
- (6) Forcing of the Ocean - tides, winds, and heating (RS4-5,JK3,OU1-2)
- (7) Mass, energy, and salt conservation; continuity equation (PP4,JK4,OU6,PP10)
- (8) Basin budgets and two-layer exchange flows (JK11)
- (9) Equations of Motion on a rotating planet - Coriolis force and inertial oscillations (JK5,PP6,OU3)
- (10) Scaling - relative importance of the terms in the equations of motion (PP7)
- (11) Ekman layers and Ekman spiral (PP9,JK5-6,OU3,RS9)
- (12) Geostrophy - thermal wind and dynamic height method (RS10,PP8,JK6,OU3)
- (13) Potential vorticity equation - concept of curl/spin/vorticity (PP9,JK5,RS12)
- (14) The Sverdrup balance and gyre circulation (RS11,PP9,JK6)
- (15) Western intensification (RS11,PP9,OU4)
- (16) The Agulhas Current - a case study of a Western Boundary Current
- (17) Upwelling - equatorial, coastal, and Antarctic (OU5,JK7,RS14)
- (18) Wind-generated waves (PP12,JK9)
- (19) Planetary waves and eddies (PP12, JK10,OU5)
- (20) Water mass formation and mixing (RS13,PP10)
- (21) Abyssal circulation (RS13,PP10,OU6)
- (22) Thermohaline Circulation and heat transport (RS13,OU6)
- (23) Interannual variability (El Nino) and Climate change (OU5,RS14)
- (24) Instrumentation and Experimentation